Unit 25: Sumo Wrestling

25A: Comprehension

Sumo wrestling is the national sport of Japan. It was originally a religious ritual performed to the gods to wish for a good harvest. Ritual is therefore an important part of the sport. Unlike many other sports, the winner shows no expression of joy upon winning a match.

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At first glance, sumo wrestling seems to be a strange sport with big, fat wrestlers wearing diaper-like aprons shoving each other inside a tiny ring. Contrary to its appearance, sumo wrestling is a sport that requires not only strength, but also speed and agility, which heavyset people usually do not possess.

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Wrestlers try to push each other out of the ring or down on the floor. Before actual physical contact, wrestlers will stare at each other for minutes to break the concentration of the opponent. The fight usually lasts for only a few seconds but sometimes can go up to two or three minutes.

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The size of the wrestler is important. The heavier the wrestler, the lower his center of gravity, thus the harder to push or toss him out of the ring. In order to put on weight and build up body mass, sumo wrestlers eat a high-protein stew and a large amount of food, and they go to bed right after eating. The heaviest sumo wrestler on record was 225 kilograms. Despite their large size and heavy weight, sumo wrestlers are well-trained athletes. They live in special sumo stables following extremely strict rules and doing chores besides working out. Wrestlers live in a lifestyle that is completely dedicated to the sport as they are considered role models. Sumo is a way of life as well as a sport.

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Sumo wrestling is a hierarchical sport. Promotions depend on winning records. The more matches a wrestler wins, the more quickly he can move up the rankings. Once a wrestler moves up to the top rank, he is not supposed to lose at all. He is expected to retire if he is unable to maintain a winning record.

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Sumo wrestling is one of the oldest martial arts in Japan, and it is still the major sport that attracts both men and women in Japan. In fact, it is becoming

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more and more popular outside Japan; men from different countries are coming to Japan and being trained to be sumo wrestlers.

Nevertheless, as a sport, sumo is not without controversy. It has been criticized as discriminatory since participants are limited to men only. Not only are women excluded from being sumo wrestlers, they are also prohibited from entering the wrestling ring as it is regarded traditionally as a violation of the purity of the ring. Sumo wrestling, being a religion-originated sport in which traditions are strictly observed, is unlikely to have drastic changes in the near future. It probably will be a long time before one can see a female sumo wrestler.

Vocabulary

sumo wrestling (n) 相撲

shove (v) 推

opponent (n) 對手

athlete (n) 運動員

hierarchical (adj) 等級制的

purity (n) 純正

drastic (adj) 猛烈的

glance (n) 匆匆一看 / 一瞥

agility (n) 敏捷

stew (n) 燉肉

chore (n) 雜務

martial arts (n) 武術

controversy (n) 爭議

Guess the meanings of the following words (Explanations see answers 1-4):

ritual (n) toss (v) dedicated (adj) observe (v)

Questions 1 - 4 (Vocabulary Questions):

Answer the following questions based on the given essay.

Choose the best answer for each of the following questions. Write your answer in the box provided. 1. Look at the word 'ritual' in line 2. Now look at the dictionary entry for 'ritual' below. Which meaning corresponds to the meaning in line 2? ritual (noun) A system or collection of religious or other rites A. В. A prescribed code of behavior regulating social conduct C. Ceremonial acts in religious services D. Any practice or pattern of behaviour regularly performed in a set manner 2. Look at the word 'toss' in line 19. Now look at the dictionary entry for 'toss' below. Which meaning corresponds to the meaning in line 19? toss (verb) A. To stir or mix В. To throw from one to another C. To throw carelessly D. To rock or move irregularly 3. In line 25, the word 'dedicated' means B. A. restricted reserved C. D. devoted connected 4. In line 40, the word 'observed' means inspected A. obeyed В.

noticed

D.

C.

watched

5. How is sumo wrestling different from other sports? What does a wrestler need to do to his opponent in order to win a match? 6. 7. Why do wrestlers try to put on weight? 8. Why does the author think that sumo wrestling is unlikely to have drastic changes? **Ouestions 9 –13:** Decide whether the following statements are True, False or the information is Not Given. Put a tick in the appropriate box provided for each of the statements. Not True False Given 9. Not all the sumo wrestlers are fat; some are of medium-built. Sumo wrestlers are respected in Japan. 10. All sumo wrestlers are male Japanese. 11. 12. Sumo wrestlers live a well-disciplined life in sumo stables. 13. It is impossible that a younger and newer sumo wrestler has a higher ranking than an experienced sumo wrestler.

Questions 5-8: Answer the following questions in complete sentences.

Questions 14 - 17: Choose the best answer for each of the following questions.

14.	Why do some people think that sumo wrestling is a discriminatory sport?						
A.	Because only fat people can be sumo wrestlers.						
B.	Because women are not allowed to be sumo wrestlers.						
C.	Because it is religion-orientated.						
D.	Because it is hierarchical.						
15.	Which of the following is not true of sumo wrestling?						
A.	It is one of the oldest martial arts in Japan.						
B. The winner shows happiness upon winning a match because he can							
	be promoted.						
C.	It is the national sport of Japan.						
D.	It is getting more and more popular outside Japan.						
16.	What must a good sumo wrestler have in order to win a match?						
	1. strength	2.	agility				
	3. concentration	4.	big body mass				
A.	1, 2, and 3	B.	2, 3 and 4				
C.	1,2 and 4	D.	All of the above				
17.	Which of the following are true about sumo wrestlers?						
	1. They are well-trained athletes.						
	 They are wen-trained address. They eat a high protein stew to build up their strength and body 						
	mass.						
	3. They are devoted to their career as a sumo wrestler.						
	4. They need to do chores.						
Α.	1 and 2	В.	1, 3 and 4				
C.	1, 2, and 4	D.	All of the above				
	, , <u> </u>	- •	**Answers o	n page A24.			

25B: Grammar & Usage

(1) Double Negatives

When we use two words with negative meanings in a sentence, it is called double negatives.

Double Negatives = Positive

Double negatives have the same meaning as affirmative. Usually, such an expression conveys a weaker affirmative than would be conveyed by the corresponding positive adverb or adjective.

Example from the passage:

As a sport, sumo is **not without** controversy.

'not' and 'without' both have negative meanings; using them together conveys an affirmative meaning. However, the meaning is weaker than saying 'sumo is a controversial sport'.

More examples:

- ♦ It is **not uncommon** to see double negatives in English.
- ◆ She is **not** an **infrequent** customer.
- ♦ I haven't heard of this book, but the author is **not unknown** to me.

Although many grammar books advise students to avoid using double negatives, it is acceptable to use two negative words to create a positive meaning when we can do so in a correct way.

Double Negatives = Negative

Sometimes, the use of double negatives still conveys negative meanings. This is mostly used when <u>speaking</u> in order to give emphasis to the negative meaning. You may have come across such usage in lyrics or in movie dialogues. E.g. The Rolling Stones: 'I **can't** get **no** satisfaction.' (=I can't get any satisfaction.)

Pink Floyd: 'We **don't** need **no** education.' (=We don't need any education.)

Keep in mind that using double negatives to convey negative meanings is not considered proper or standard in English. <u>Students should avoid using double negatives to convey negative meanings in writing.</u>

(2) once

'once' (adverb/conjunction) can be a confusing word at times. It has several meanings:

- > at some time in the past, but no longer
 - e.g. She once was a beauty. (\rightarrow She is <u>no longer</u> beautiful.)
- > one time
 - e.g. He plays golf once a week. (regularly, <u>one time</u> every week)
 I will do it once only. (only one time)
- > as soon as something happens
 - e.g. Once the sun goes down, the temperature drops. (as soon as)

Example from the passage:

Once a wrestler moves up to the top rank, he is not supposed to lose at all.

In this sentence, 'once' means 'as soon as'.

'Once' also has other meanings when it is used with other words in a **phrase**:

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at once = immediately
all at once = (something happens) suddenly
once and for all = completely or finally
once in a while = (something happens) sometimes, but not very often
once upon a time = a long time ago
for once = only this time
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25C: Sentence Patterns

Contrary to...

We use 'contrary to' to introduce a belief or opinion that is true but is mistaken or misunderstood.

Example from the passage:

Contrary to its appearance, <u>sumo wrestling is a sport that</u> requires not only strength, but also speed and agility.

'Contrary to' is used here to correct the wrong impression: The appearance of sumo wrestling may give an impression that it is done in a slow or clumsy way because the wrestlers are very heavy, but this is not true.

The main clause expresses the fact despite the misunderstanding.

More examples:

- Contrary to some people's belief, pencil is not made of lead; it is made of graphite.
- Contrary to the complicated look of this machine, it is rather simple to
- Contrary to your impression, Stephen is actually very shy.

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25D: Revision Exercise 1 - Grammar & Usage

Complete each of the following sentences by choosing the best option for the blank. Write your choice in the space provided.

1.	You are not support	osed anythin	g in this exhibition roc	m.		
	A. to touch	B. touching	C. touch	D. for touching		
2.	The a child is, the more sleep he needs.					
	A. young	B. youth	C. younger	D. more young		
3.	The leaders from different countries will discuss how to peace in the world.					
	A. preserve	B. reserve	C. protect	D. maintain		
4.	I go to the beach in a while.					
	A. some times	B. a little	C. once	D. sometimes		
5.	first glance, golf seems like a boring sport.					
	A. In	B. At	C. With	D. By		
6.	to what was reported on television, the murderer didn't escape from the prison.					
	A. Different	B. Contrary	C. Opposed	D. Against		
7.	Though unexpected, I wasjoy to see my ex-girlfriend at the party. She was still lovely and we had a pleasant conversation.					
	A. not	B. without	C. not without	D. without no		
8.	This building was a parking garage, but it is now used as an indoor playground.					
	A. original	B. originally	C. origin	D. originated		
9.	Despite the large of food intake, my brother is not fat at all because he exercises a lot.					
	A. number	B. meal	C. sum	D. amount		
10.	improve her English, she reads an English novel at least an hour a day.					
	A. In order to		B. In order that	B. In order that		
	C. For		D. Want to			

**Answers on page B6.

25E: Revision Exercise 2 - Vocabulary

Choose an appropriate word from the vocabulary section to complete each of the following sentences. Use the correct form of the word.

1.	Kevin scored higher than all his	S	and won the spelling contest.
2.	Whoevert	nese rings the fart	hest will win the game.
3.	He always helps his wife with a	ll kinds of housel	nold
4.	The attacker grabbed Tim and _		him into the corner.
5.	This organization is extremely have to listen to seniors.		_; everyone is ranked and juniors
6.	Mother Teresachildren.	herself to char	ity, especially helping homeless
7.	I do not have the	to juggle thr	ee balls at the same time.
8.	Many people suffer from the		decline of the housing market.
		71	**Answers on page B7.